

# Monte Carlo Simulations for Defining a Future Standard in Neutron Instrumentation

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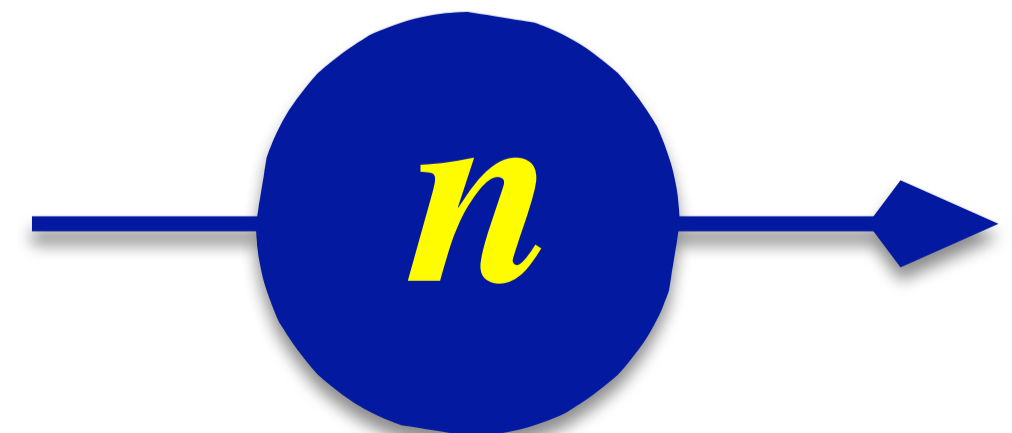
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# *McStas*



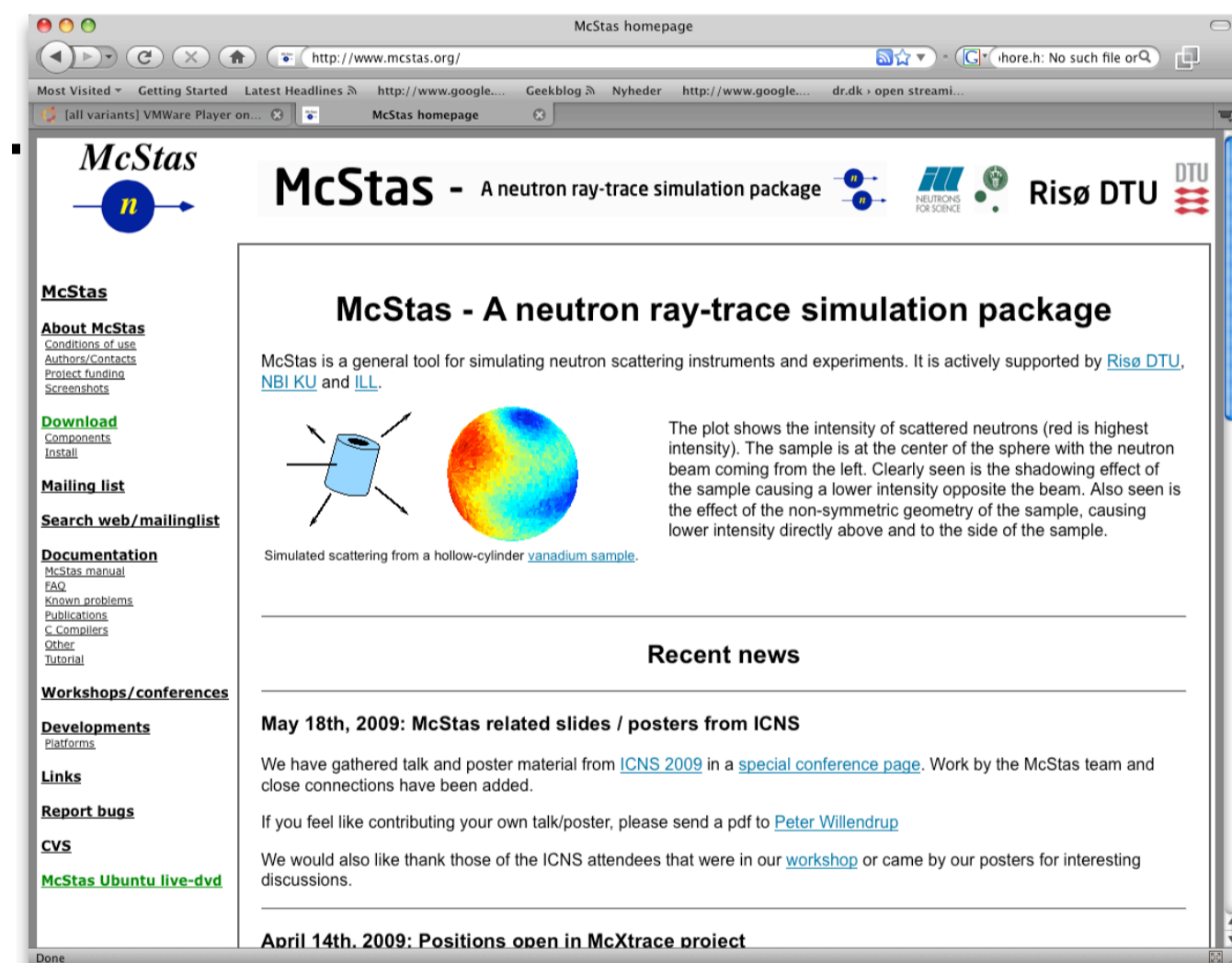
# Agenda

- Brief McStas overview
- Validation strategies
  - Virtual experiments
  - Code intercomparisons
  - Validation experiments
- A future Instrumentation standard

# McStas Introduction

- Flexible, general simulation utility for neutron scattering experiments.
- Original design for Monte carlo Simulation of triple axis spectrometers
- Developed at RISØ DTU, KU and ILL, Grenoble.
- V. 1.0 by K Nielsen & K Lefmann (1998)
- Currently 2.5+1 people full time plus students

GNU GPL license  
Open Source



Project website at  
<http://www.mcstas.org>

neutron-mc@risoe.dk mailinglist

# McStas Introduction

## McXtrace - new startup (2009) in X-ray sim

- Flexible, general simulation utility for neutron scattering experiments.



• Original

• Develop

• V. 1.0 b

• Current

The screenshot shows a web browser window titled "Main Page - McXtraceWiki" with the URL [http://www.mcxtrace.org/index.php?title=Main\\_Page](http://www.mcxtrace.org/index.php?title=Main_Page). The page content includes:

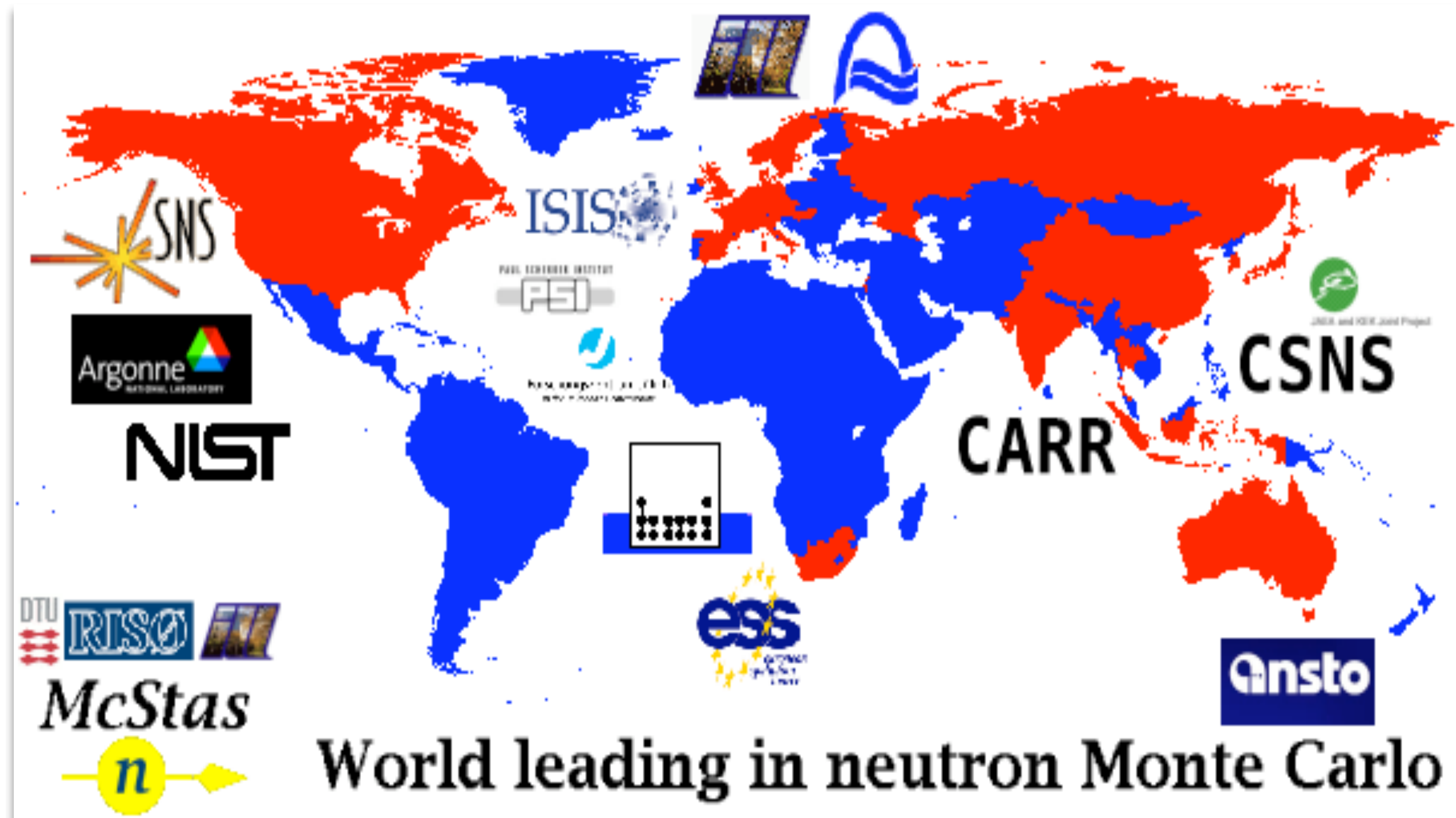
- Navigation menu:** Main Page, Partners, Project People, Project Status, Vacancies, Project Goal, Mailing List, Links, SMEXOS talks, SRI09 abstracts.
- Search box:** A search input field with "Go" and "Search" buttons.
- Toolbox:** What links here, Related changes, Upload file, Special pages, Printable version, Permanent link.
- Main Content:**
  - McXtrace** - Monte Carlo Xray ray-tracing is a joint venture by 
  - Funding from NABIIT, DSF and the above parties.
  - Our code will be based on technology from .
  - For information on our progress, please subscribe to our user mailinglist. <mailto:webmaster@mcxtrace.org>
- Footer:** This page was last modified 13:15, 25 February 2009. This page has been accessed 2,049 times. Privacy policy, About McXtraceWiki, Disclaimers, Powered By MediaWiki.

Project  
http:

list

# McStas Introduction

- Used at all major neutron sources



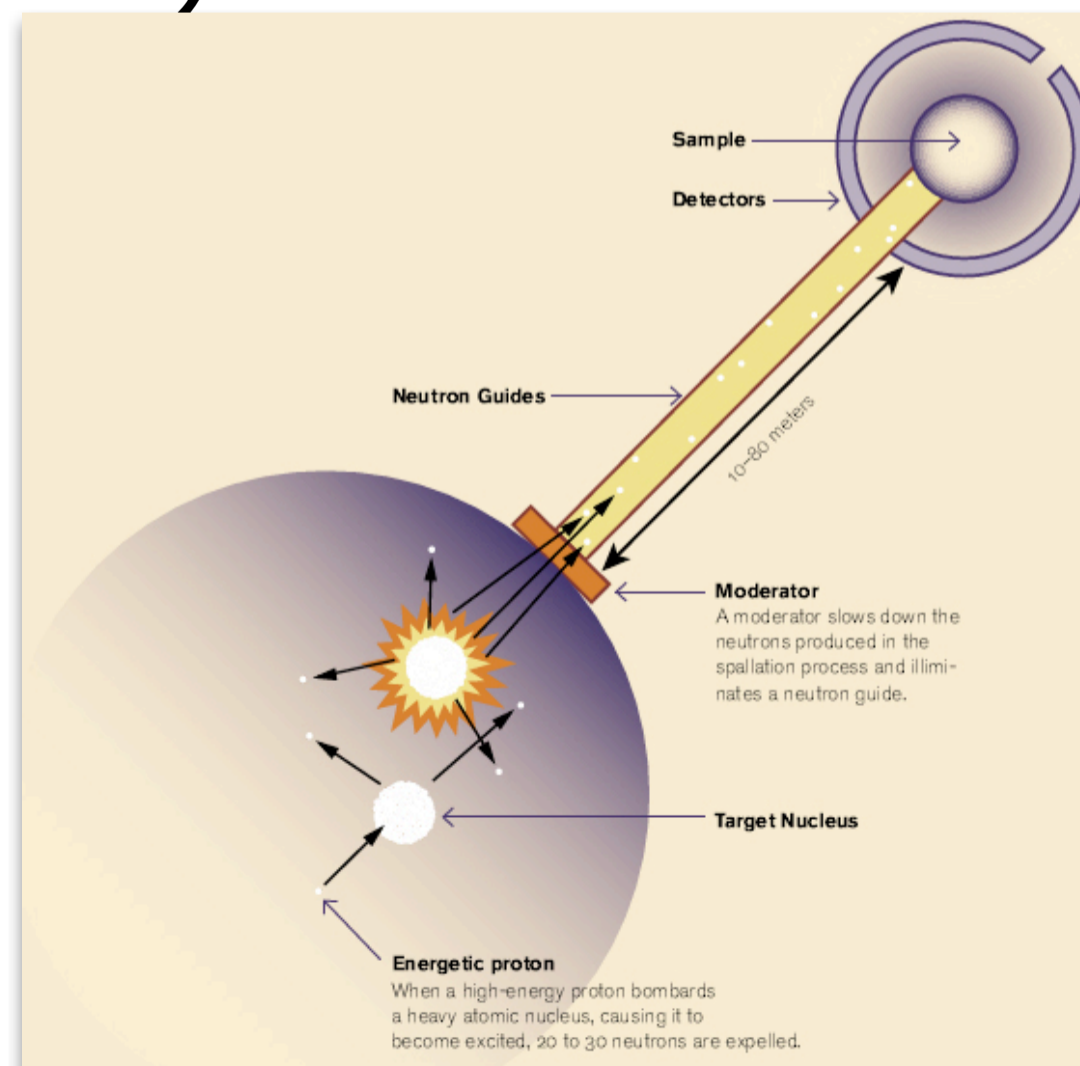
# McStas overview

- Portable code (Unix/Linux/Mac/Win32)



- 'Component' files ( $\sim 100$ ) inserted from library

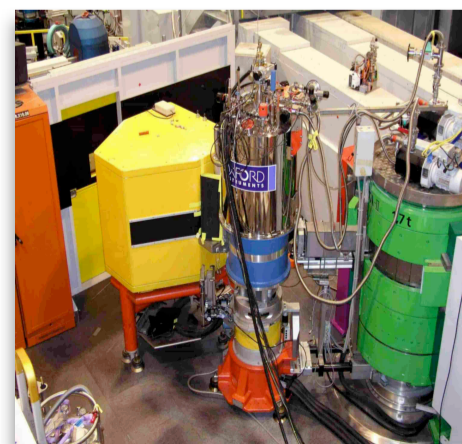
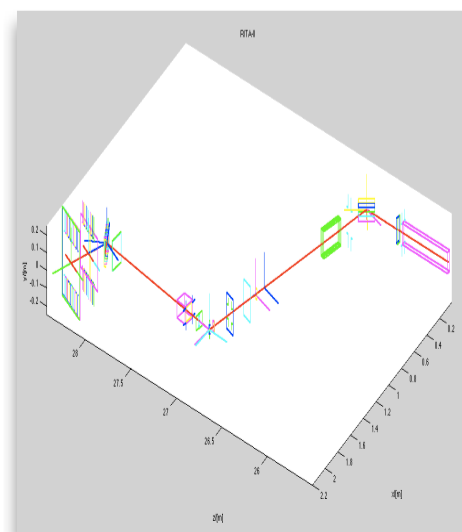
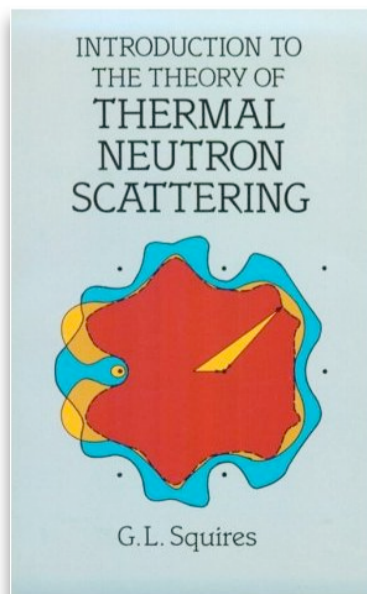
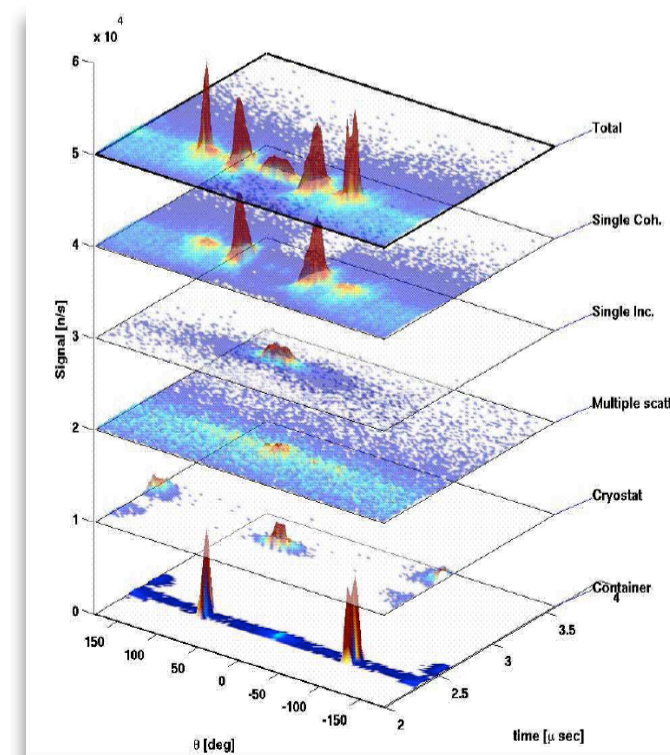
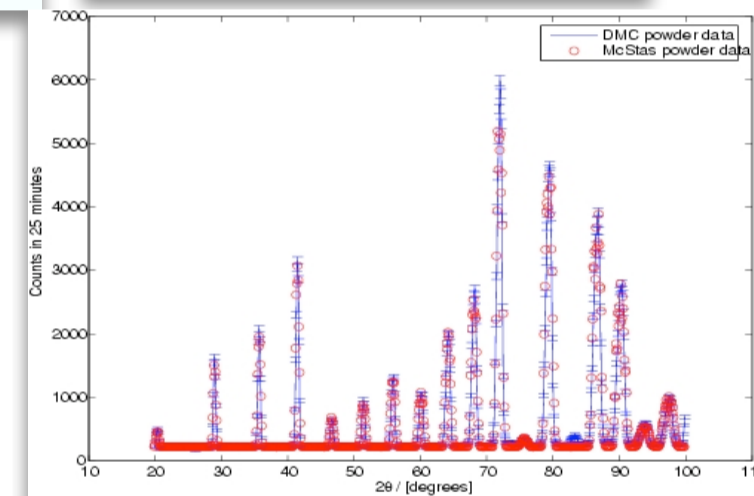
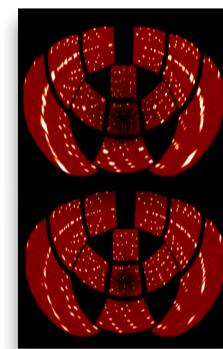
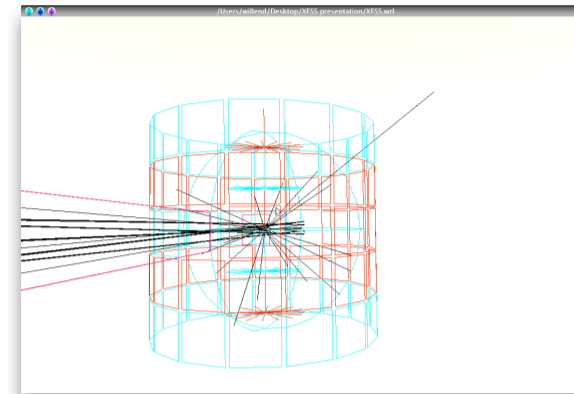
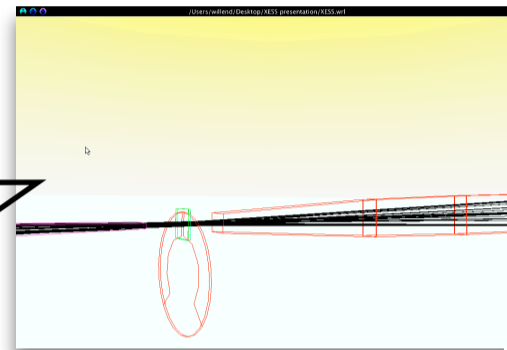
- Sources
- Optics
- Samples
- Monitors
- If needed, write your own comps



# What is McStas used for?

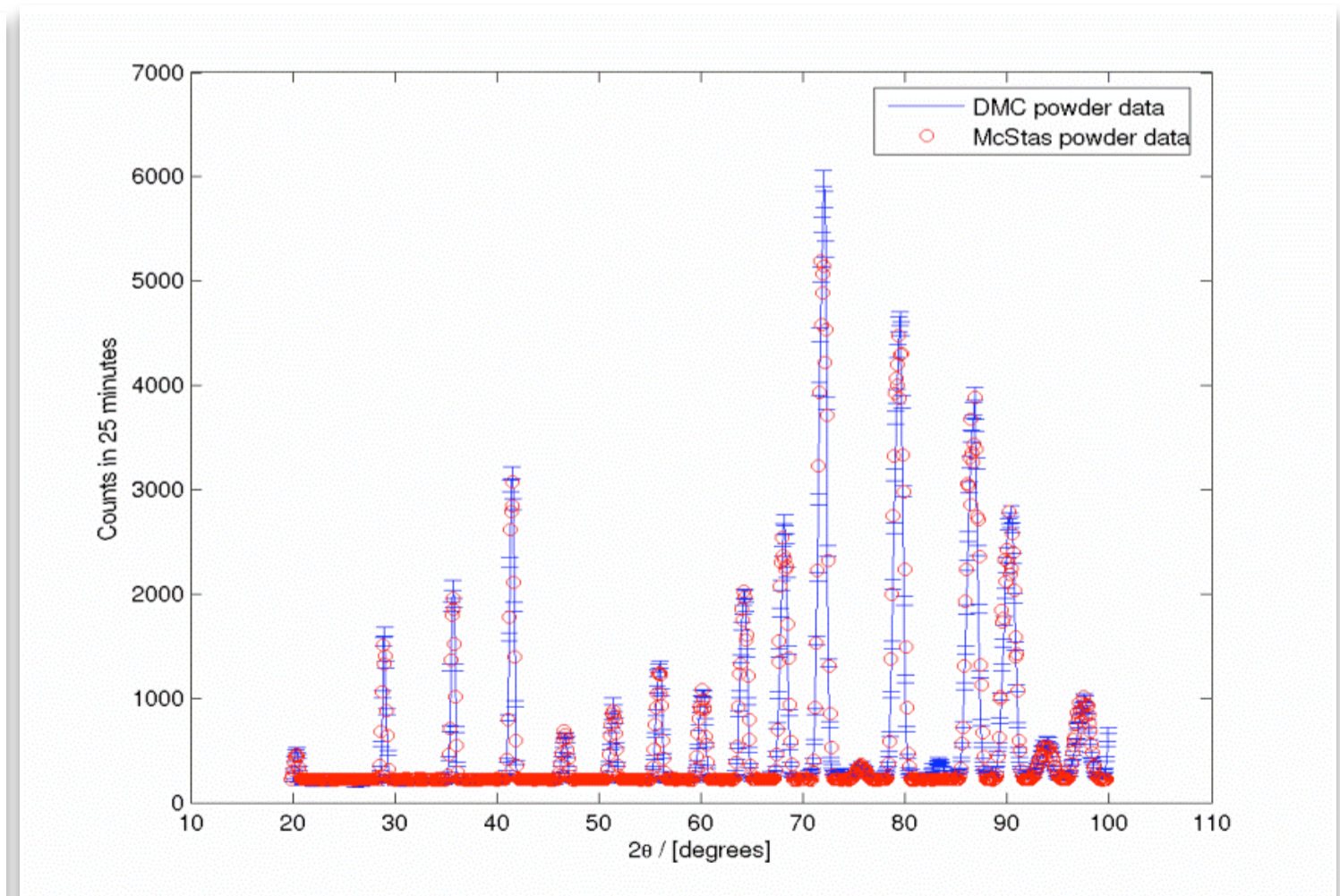
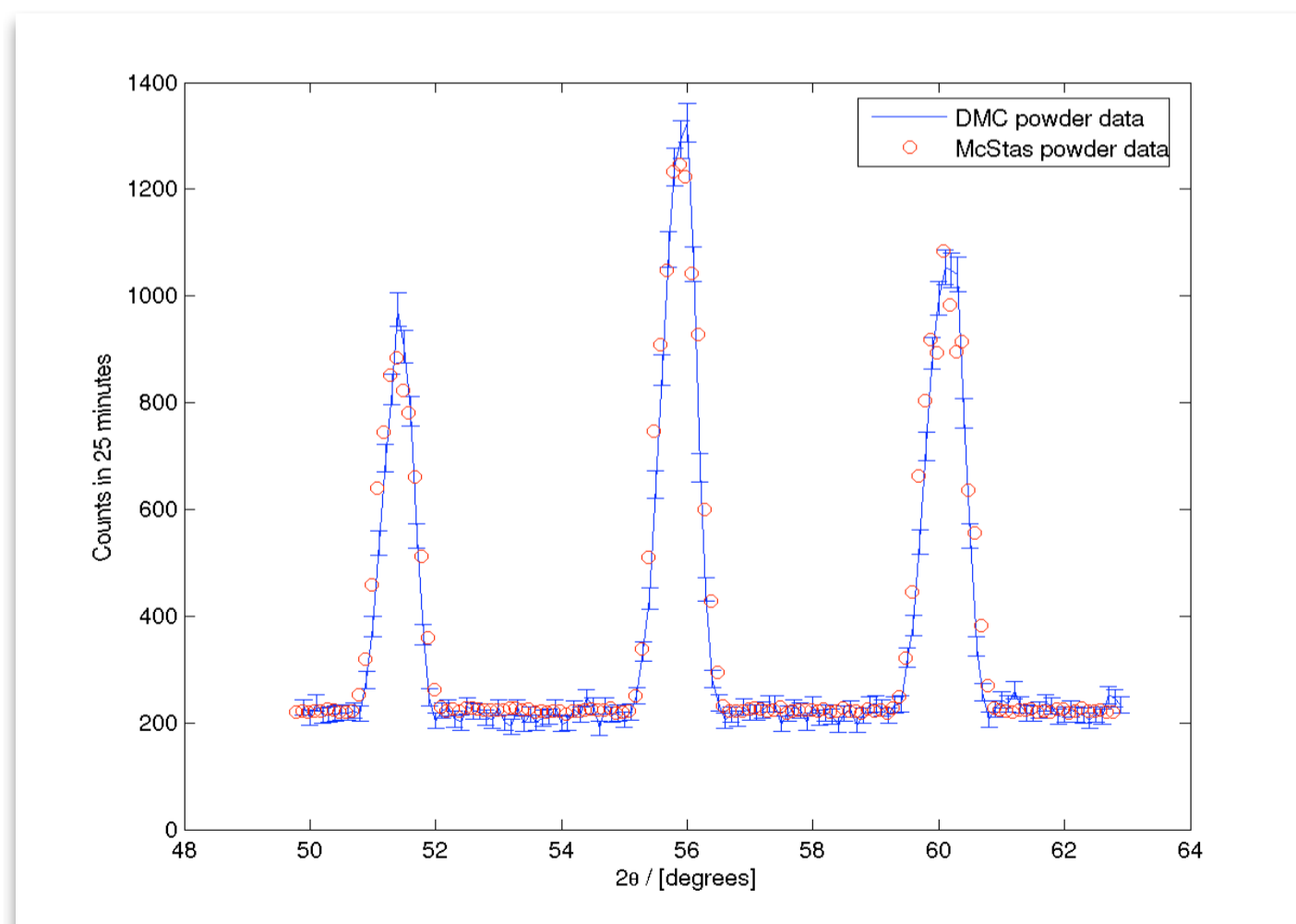
- Instrumentation
- Virtual experiments
- Data analysis
- Teaching

(KU 2005-2009)



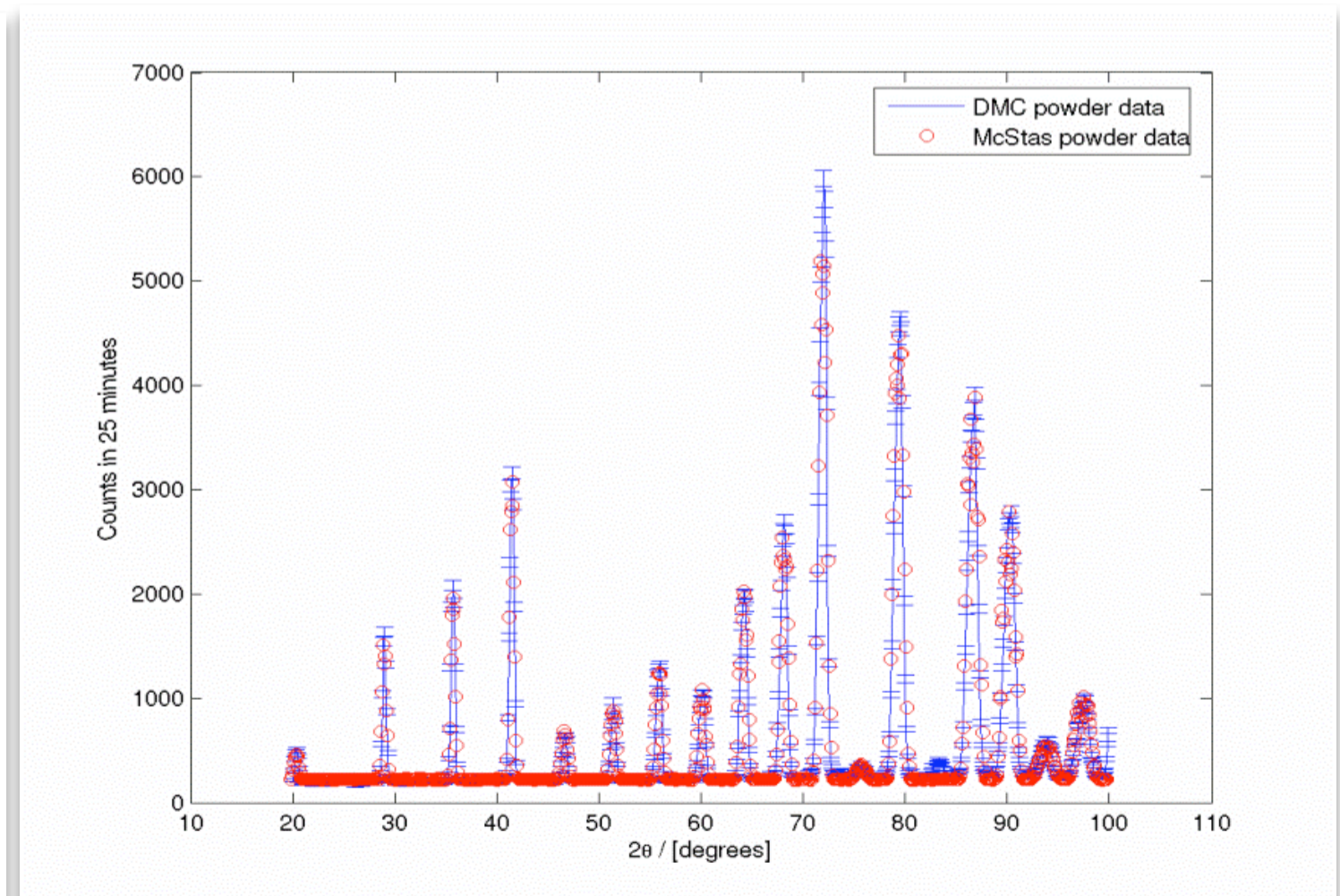
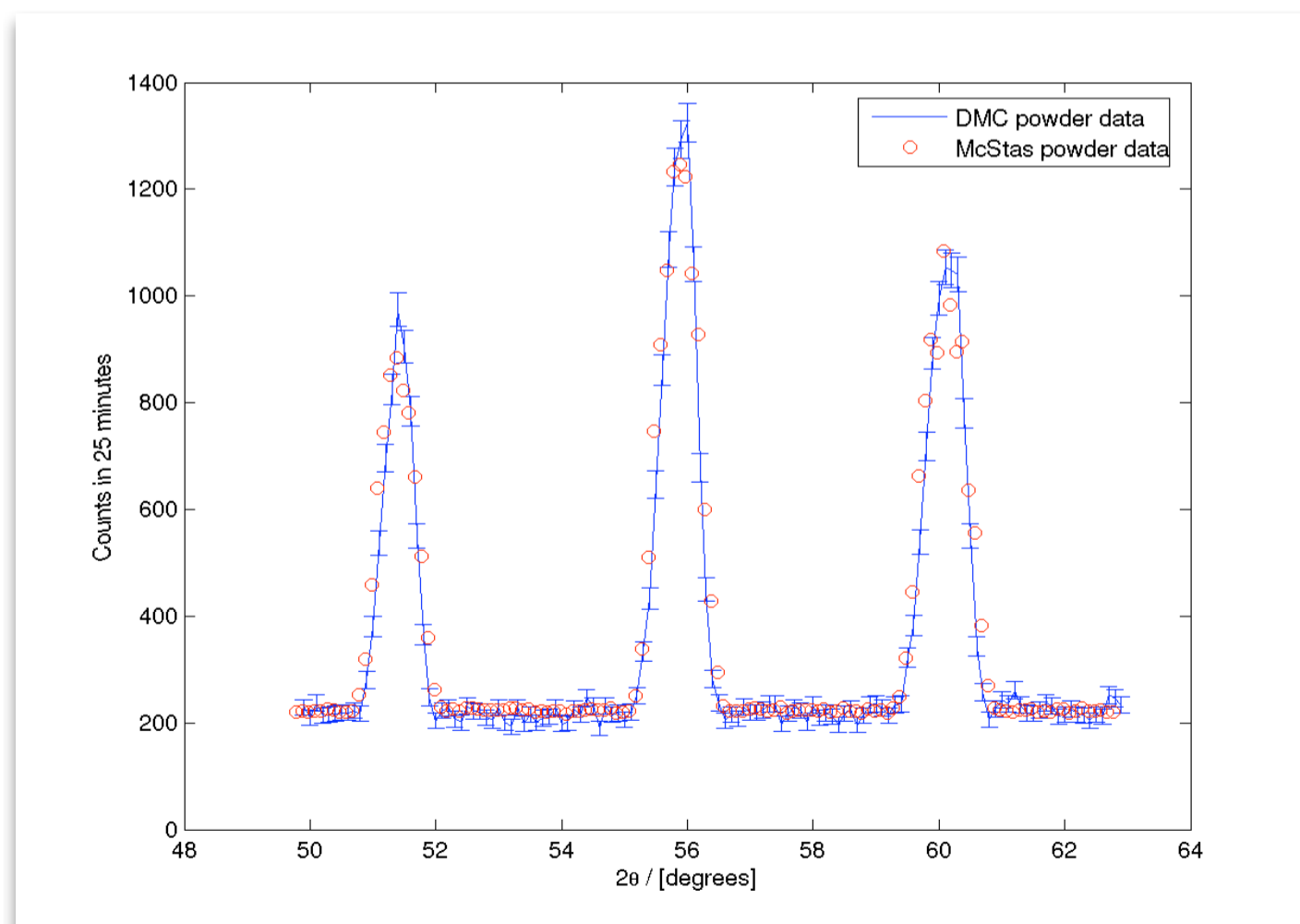
# Virtual experiments, definition

- Simulation of a complete experiment
- ... from source to detector
- Ideally controlled like real experiment.
- Data analysed by "real" analysis programs



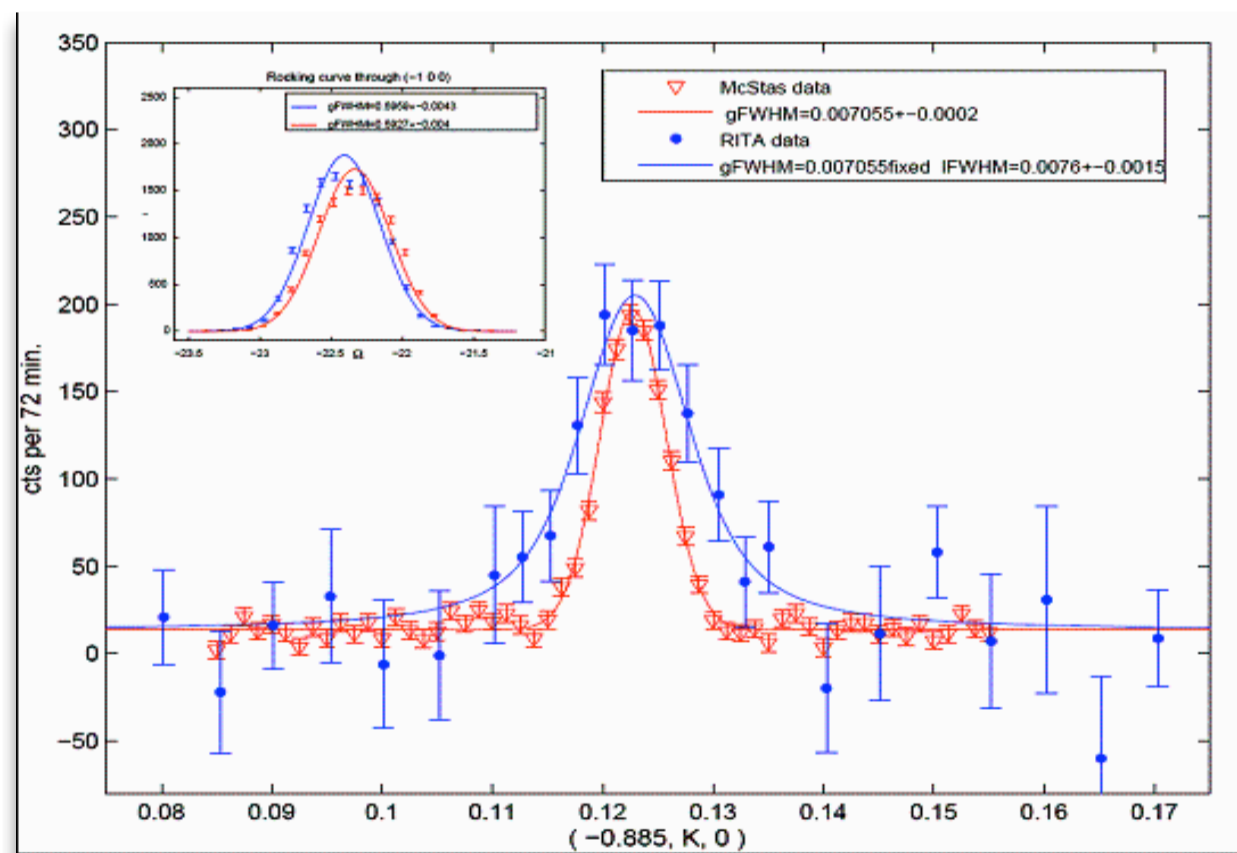
# Tests and cross comparisons

- Much effort has gone into this
- Here: simulations vs. exp. at powder diffract. DMC, PSI
- The bottom line is
- McStas agree very well with other packages (NISP, VitESS, IDEAS, RESTRAX, ...)
- Experimental line shapes are within 5%
- Absolute intensities are within 10-30%
- Common understanding: McStas is reliable

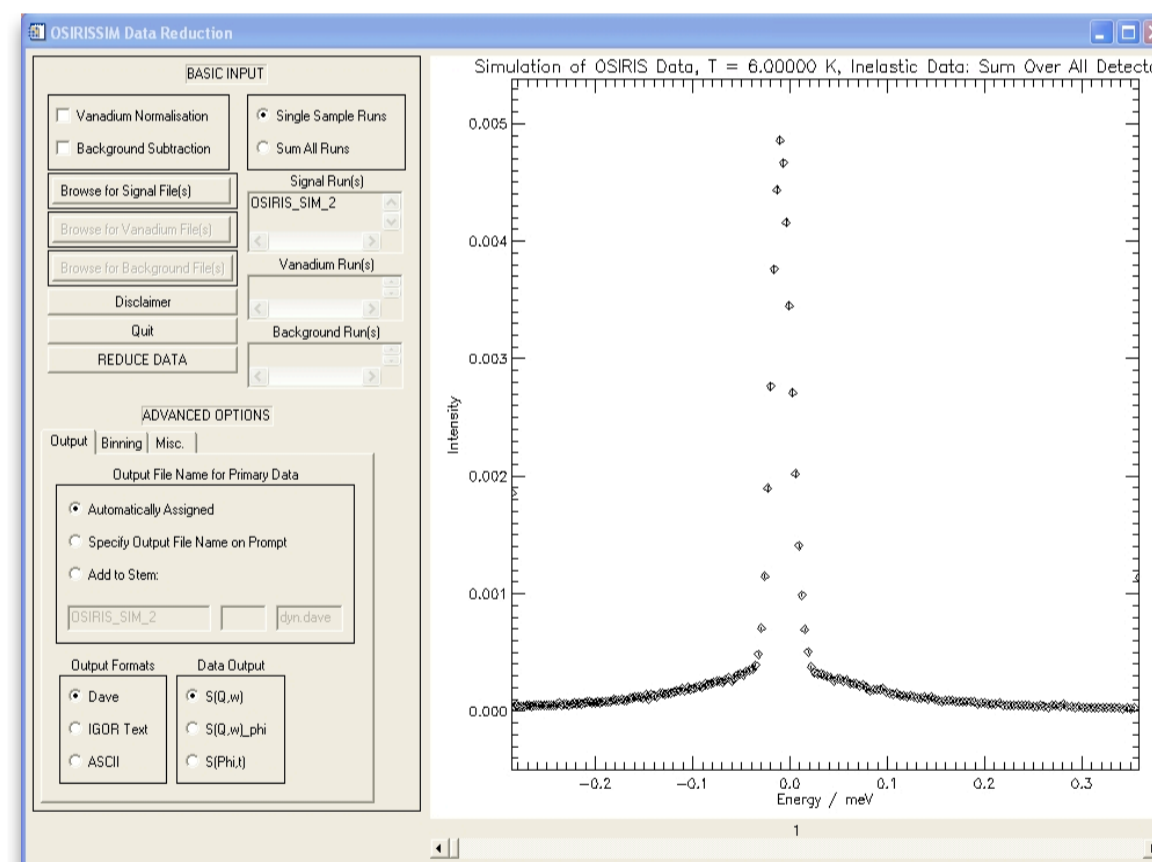


# Virtual experiments, analysis

- VE data has been used to test data analysis programs
- ... and to check resolution effects



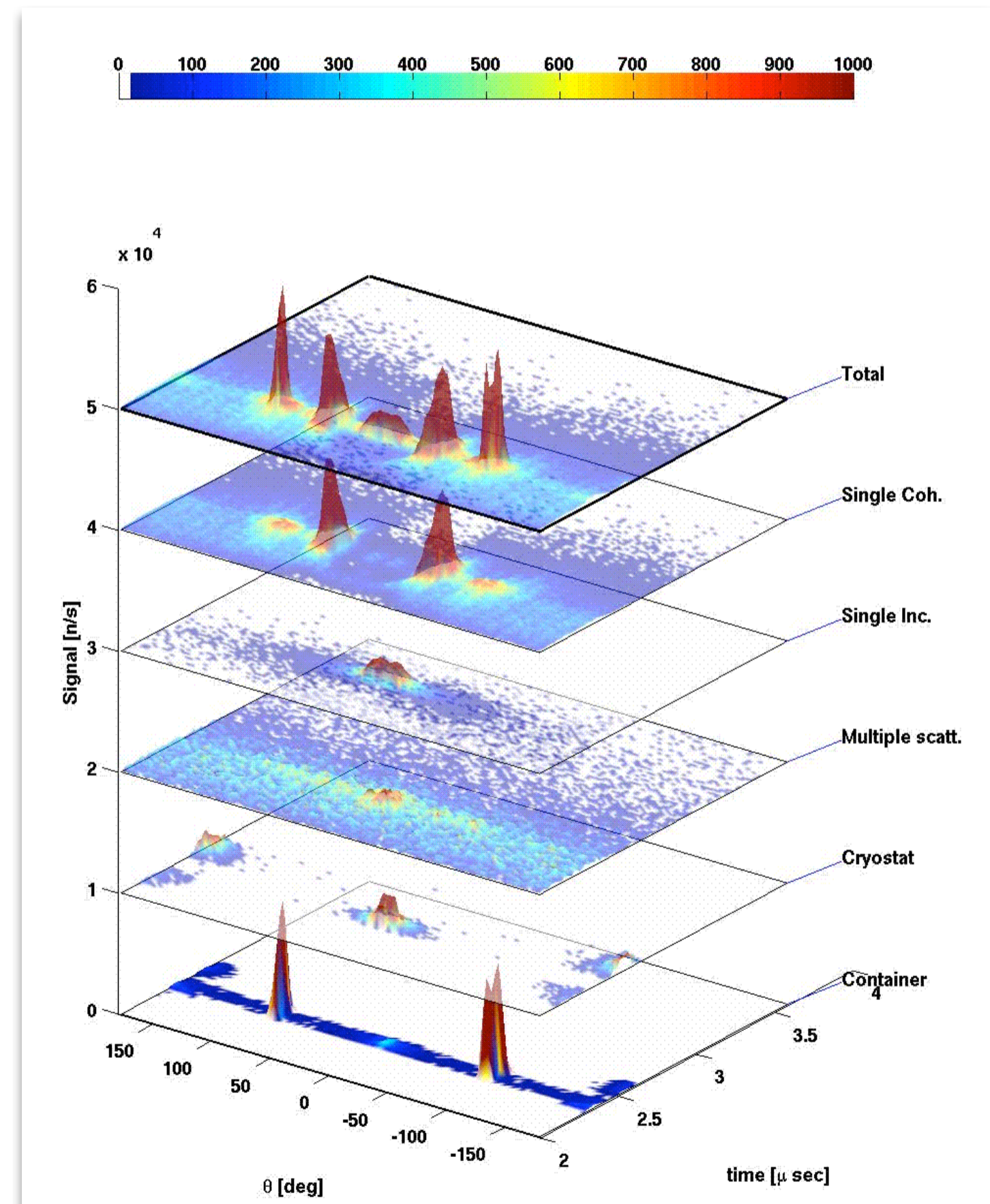
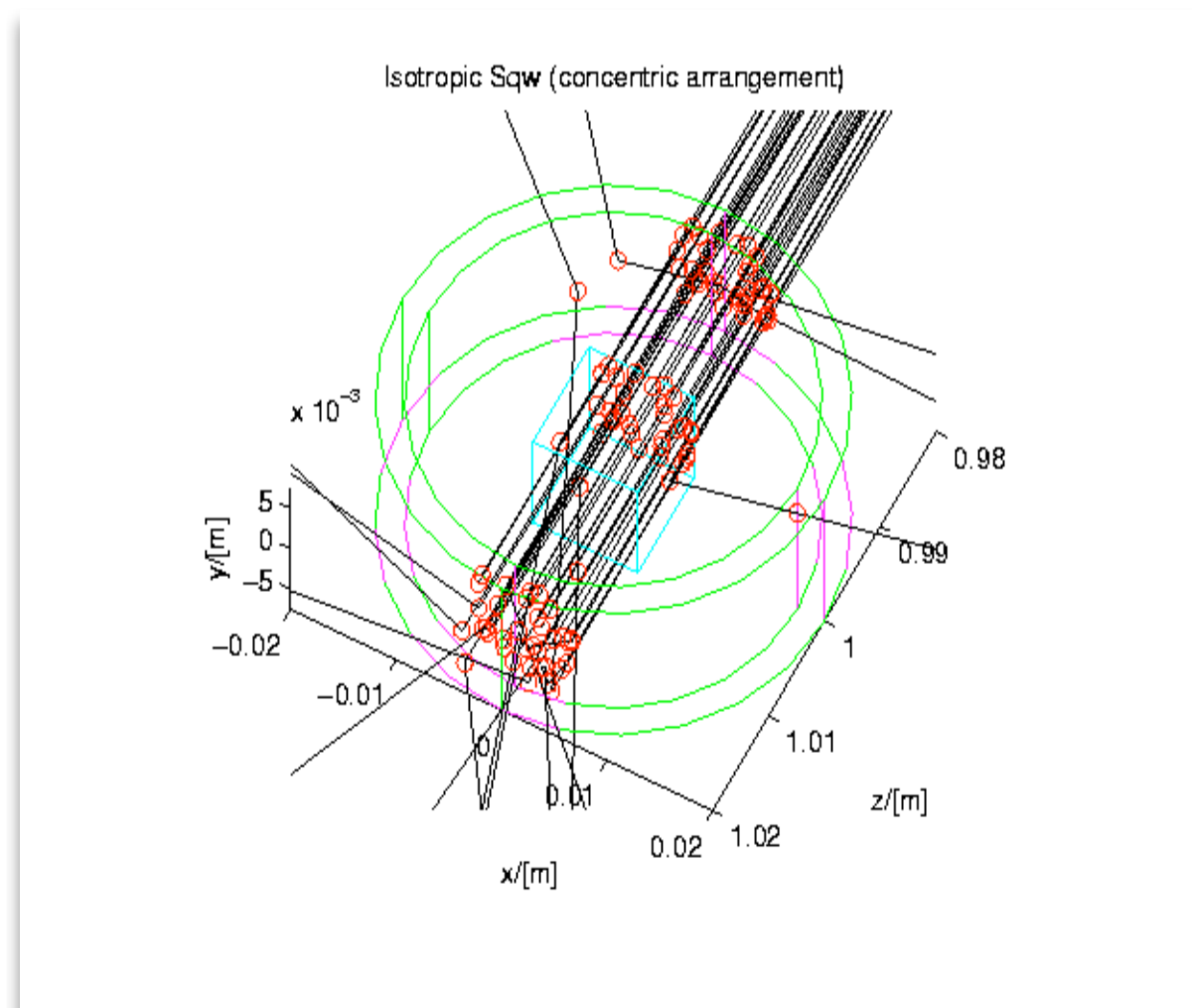
L. Udby, Risø-DTU



P. Tregenna-Piggott, PSI

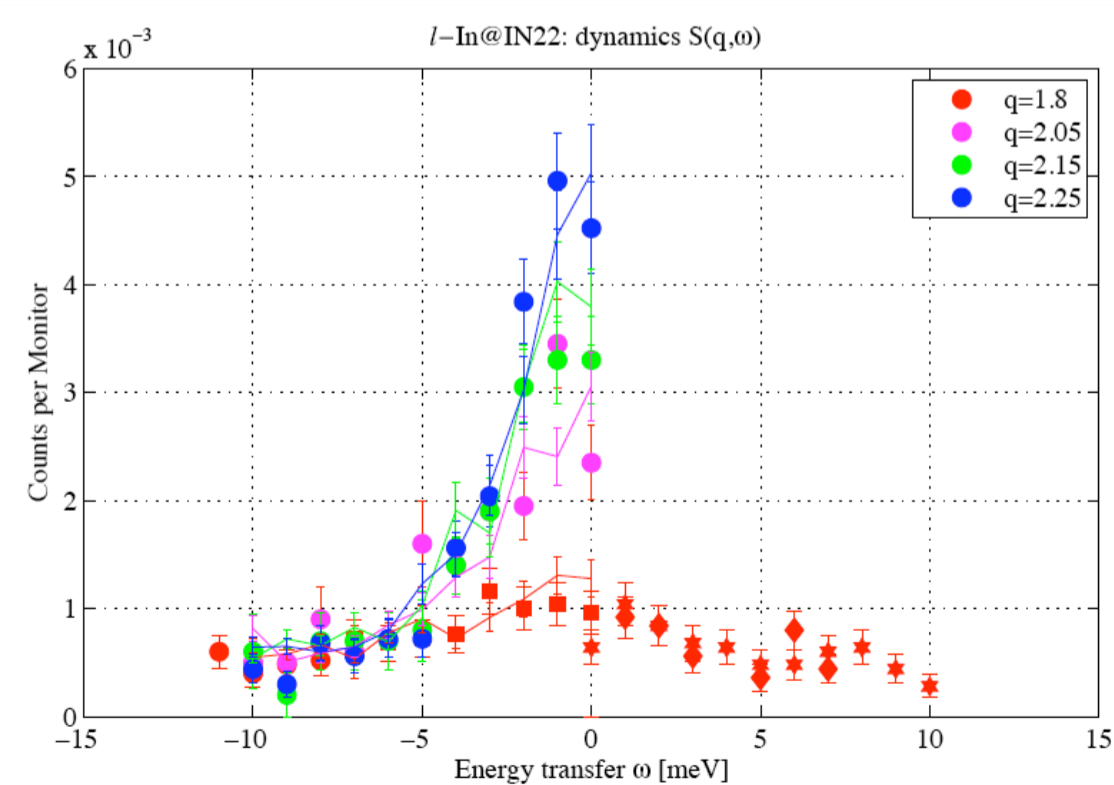
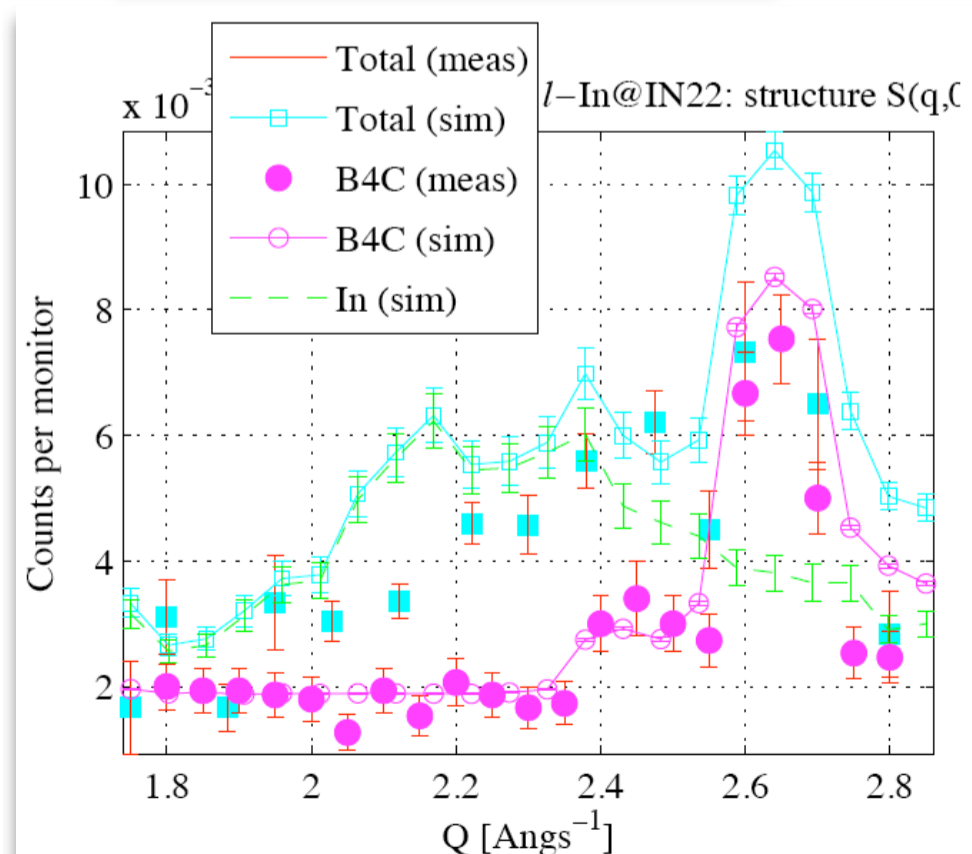
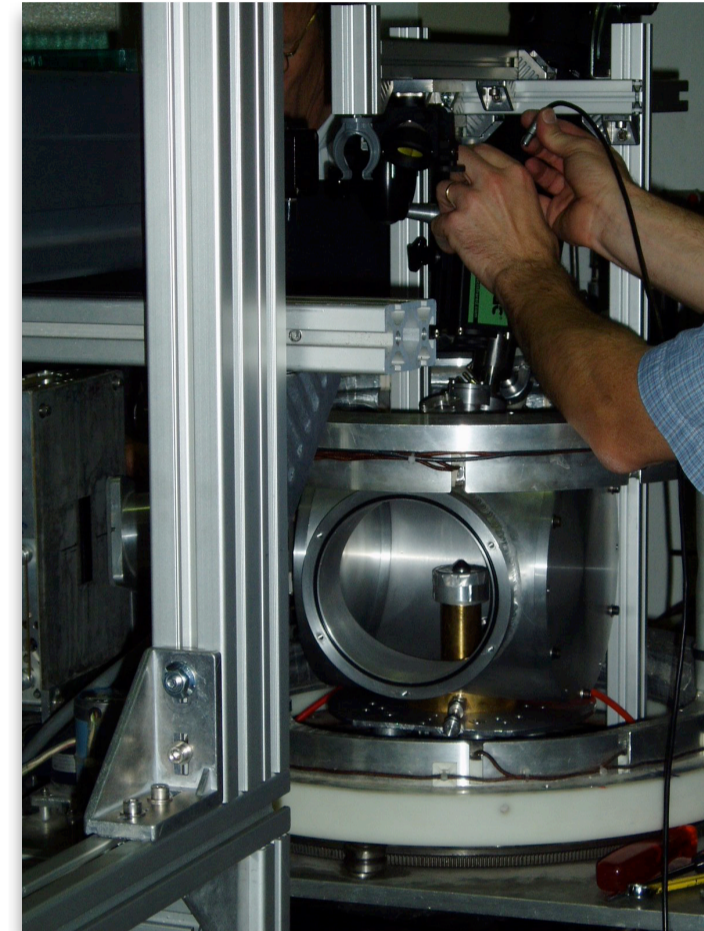
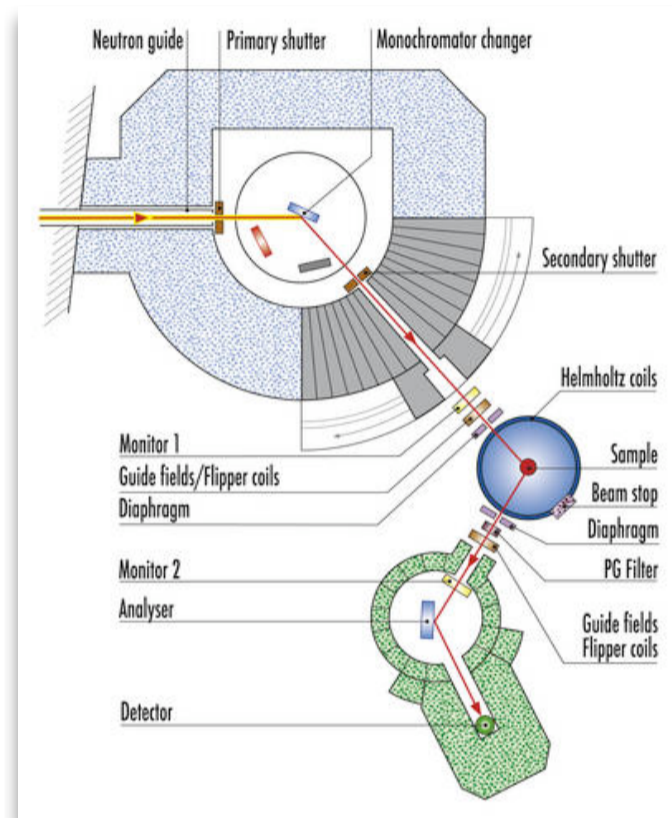
# Virtual experiments, analysis

- Virtual TOF exp. at IN6, ILL
- Liquid Ge sample
- Coherent / incoherent
- Multiple scattering
- And sample environment
- All contributions can be separated by VE !



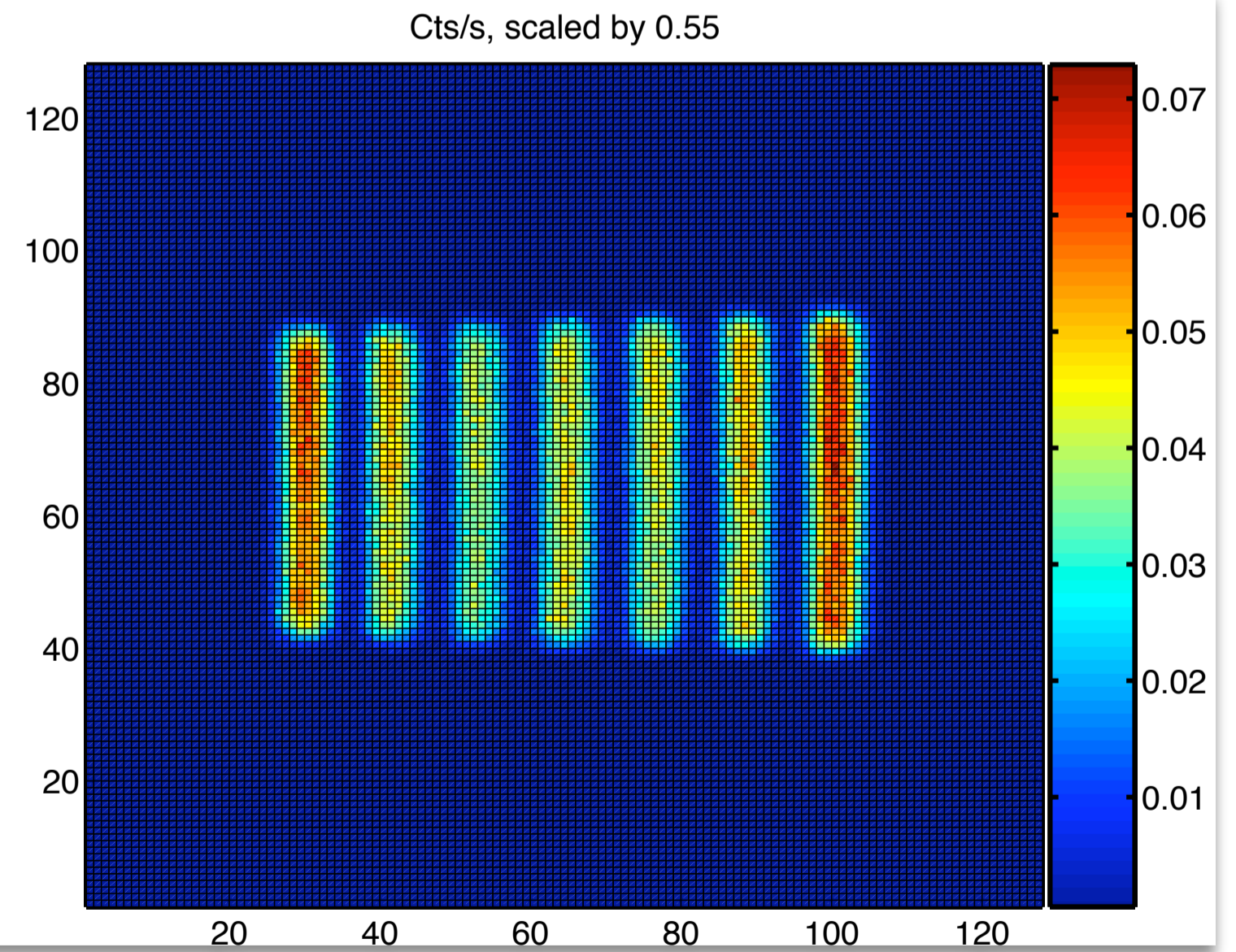
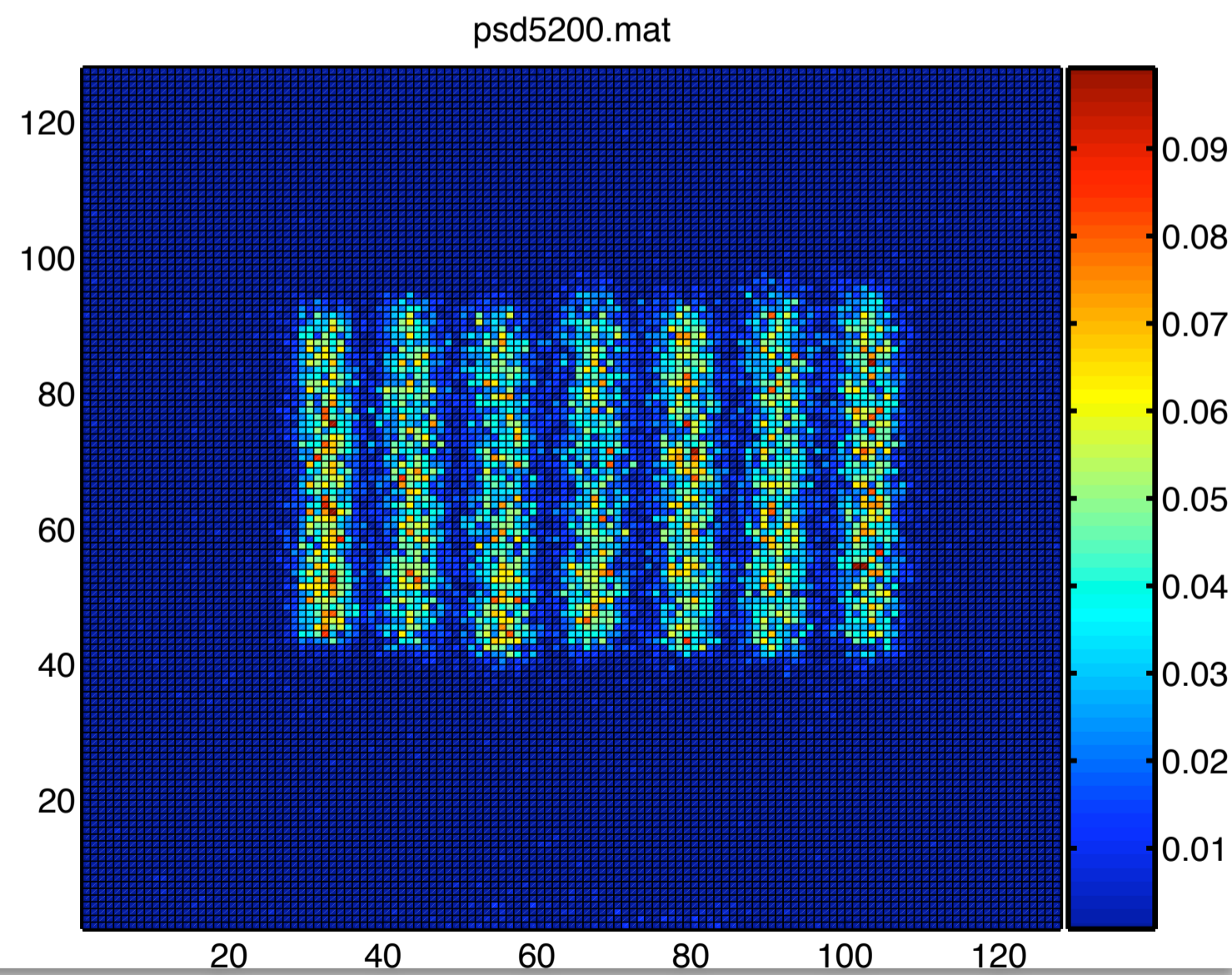
# Recent experiments and VE's

- IN22, Liquid In, levitation furnace



# Recent experiments and VE's

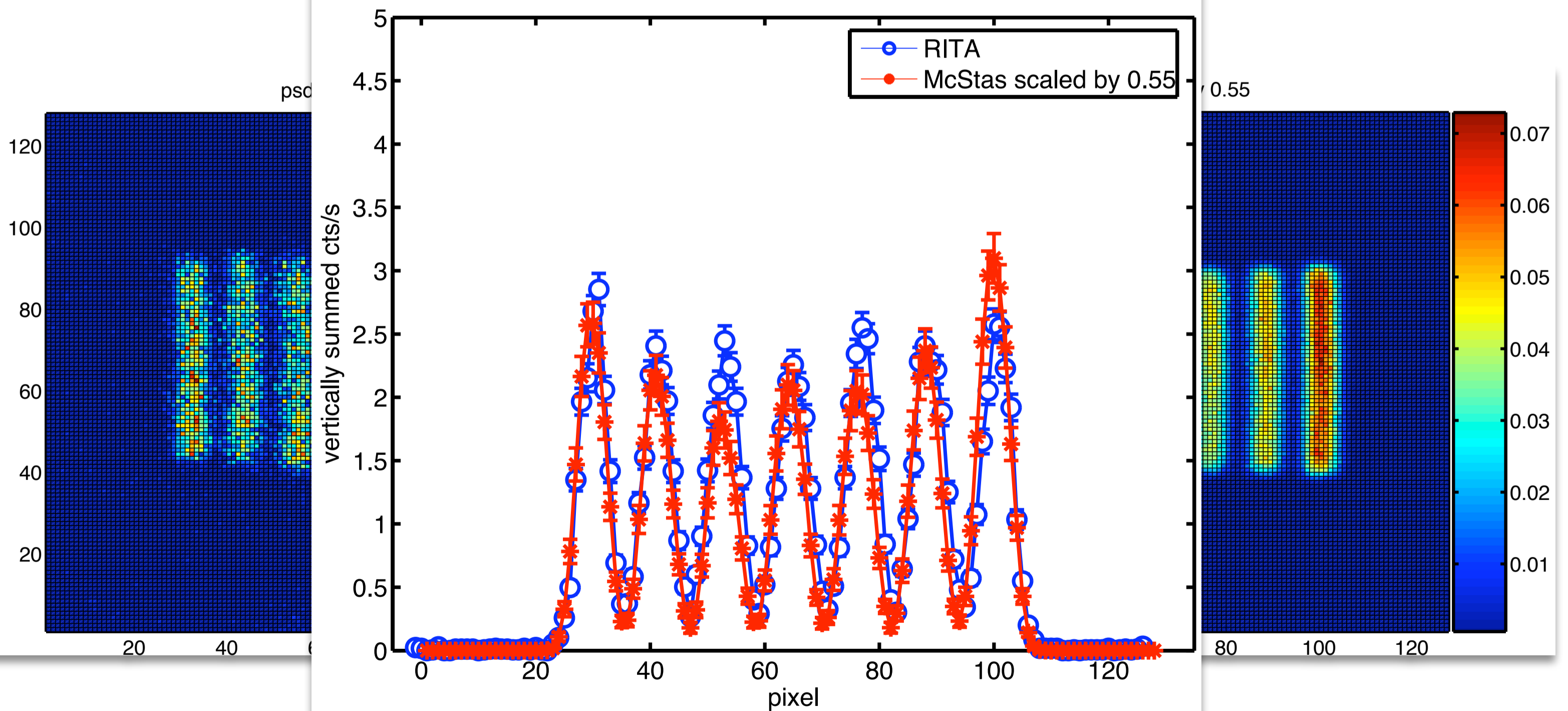
- RITA-II, PSI - V (incoh)



# Recent experiments and VE's

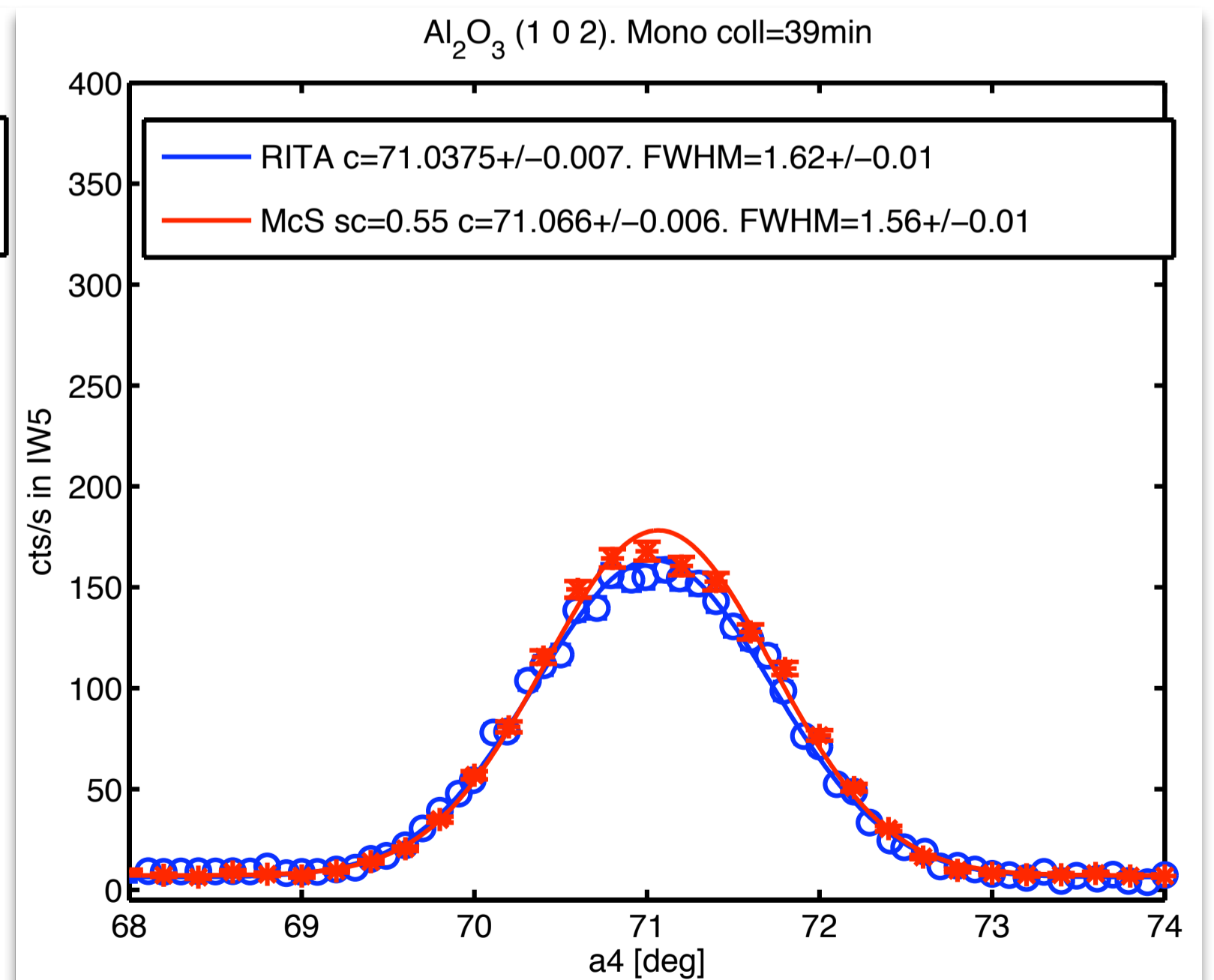
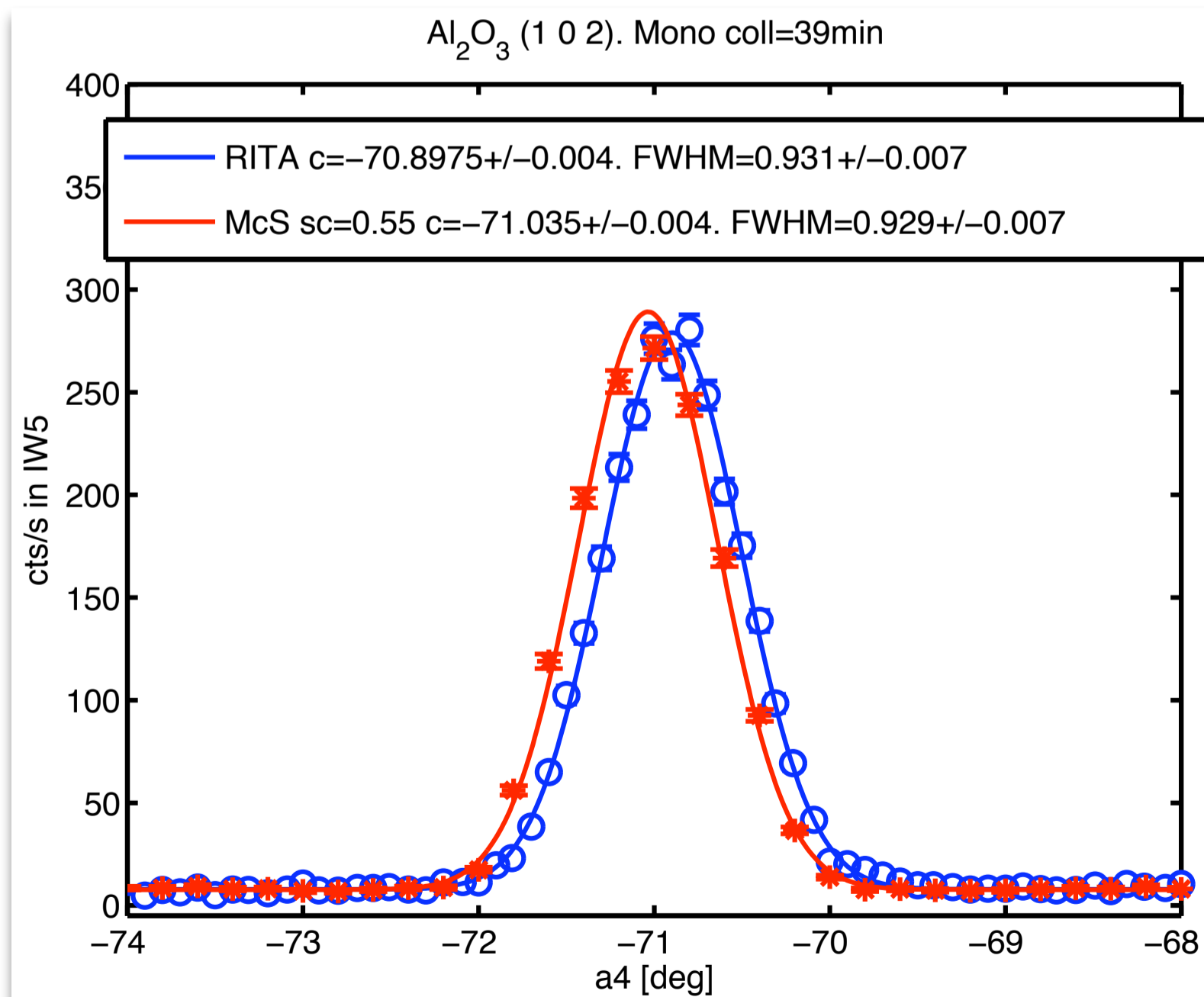
- RITA-II, PSI - V (incoh)

Vanadium  $a_5 = -57.58$



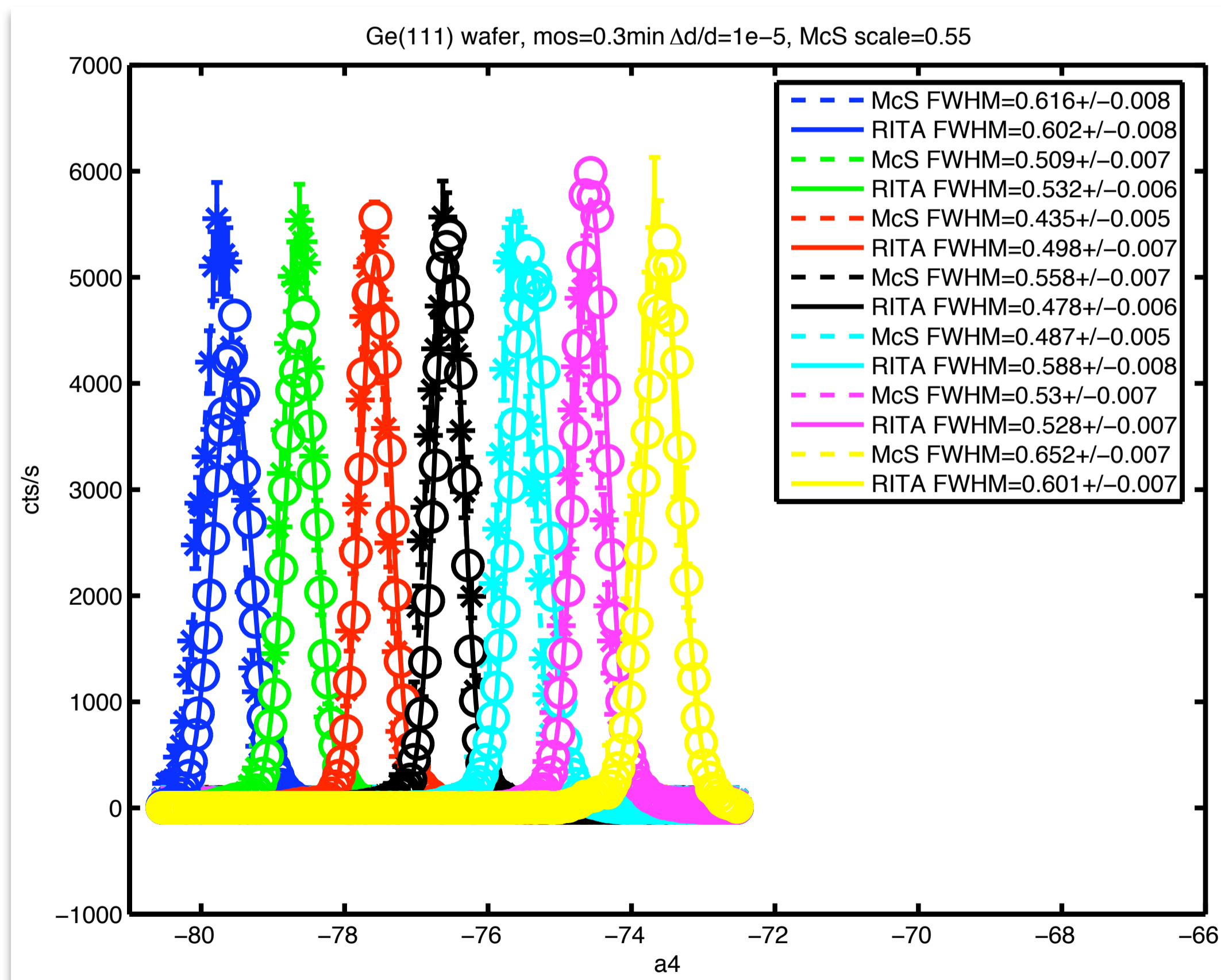
# Recent experiments and VE's

- RITA-II, PSI - Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> powder



# Recent experiments and VE's

- RITA-II, PSI - Ge wafer (perfect single crystal)



# Instrumentation standard - I

- McStas:
  - extensively used for instrumentation
  - has wide portfolio of components, including sample models
  - is well suited for virtual experiments
  - is in agreement with the other MC codes
  - reproduces experimental conditions and results
    - (linewidths within 5%, intensities 10-30%)
- Virtual experiments are useful for
  - performing key experiments during design
  - benchmarking analysis codes
  - user training and education
  - data analysis
- Monte Carlo (e.g. McStas) is useful in the whole lifetime of an instrument - from design phase to operation mode



# Instrumentation standard - II

- Special focus areas in the McStas 2.x series:
  - Code standardization
    - (Uniform parameter naming, PROP\_DT, intersect\_ used everywhere)
  - Component unit testing (at least one test instrument pr. component)
  - Continuous comparison with experiment
- In the future:
  - Facilities should set up MC-based infrastructures for:
    - Performing VE's prior to experiment (beam-time estimates, feasibility studies, resolution estimates)
    - New approaches to data analysis
  - The developed instrument models should be passed on from instrument designer to beamline scientist, to the beamline user
  - MC codes (McStas) could be used to study decrease in instrument performance
    - Key experiment performed at start of cycle
    - Compare with simulation
    - Utilize simulations to pin-point cause of performance decrease

# Summary/Conclusion

- Monte Carlo (e.g. McStas) has all needed features to establish an ISO-like standard for neutron instrumentation:
  - Definition of geometries and physical properties of beamline components, sample environments and samples
  - Realistic source descriptions via input from e.g. MCNP models
  - Is used in all major instrumentation efforts
  - Has validated components
  - Gives easy access to VE methods for
    - Key experiments
    - Beamtime / statistics estimates
    - Analysis code benchmarks
    - User training
    - Data analysis
- All we need is a method for knowledge transfer -> Contribute back to McStas!